

# Salmon Stream Temperature Fact Sheet

#### Why temperature?

Water temperature affects all phases of the salmon lifecycle, including:

- \* timing of migration
- \* survivorship of eggs
- \* respiration
- \* metabolism
- \* availability of O<sub>2</sub>

Warm water temperature induces stress in salmon and makes them more vulnerable to pollution, predation and disease.

For more details about our methods or data, please contact:

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## Moose Creek (near Talkeetna)

Cook Inletkeeper coordinates a Stream Temperature Monitoring Network across key salmon-bearing systems of the Cook Inlet basin. Our goal is to describe water temperature profiles and identify watershed characteristics that make specific streams more sensitive to climate change impacts. This fact sheet provides a summary of data collected on Moose Creek through this collaborative effort.



Water temperature monitoring site is located at the Oilwell Road crossing.

Latitude (N) 62.22900; Longitude (W) -150.44100

### **Watershed facts**

The Moose Creek watershed (highlighted in green on map) is located on the west side of the Susitna River in the Mat-Su basin. Moose Creek is a tributary to the Deshka River.

Watershed size 54,728 acres
Maximum elevation 1,410 feet
Mean elevation 746 feet
Percent wetlands 30.8 %
Connected lakes No



PAGE 2

Adult salmon returning to freshwater streams to spawn are stressed by temperatures above 15°C (59°F), while juvenile salmon are affected by temperatures above 13°C (55°F).



In 2013, we completed a synthesis report of the stream temperature data collected from 2008-2012 to establish current water temperature conditions in 48 salmon streams and stream-specific sensitivity to climate change impacts. You can read the full report at: http://inletkeeper.org/resources/contents/stream-temperature-synthesis-report

Salmon Stream Temperature Fact Sheet July 2014

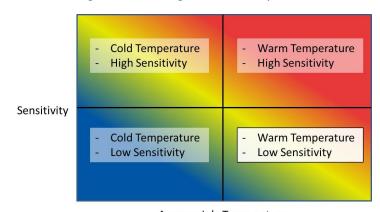
## **Moose Creek Temperature Summary**

Below is a summary of Moose Creek water temperature data from 2008-2012.

Maximum temperature recorded	18.1°C (64.6°F)
June average temperature	12.6°C (54.7°F)
July average temperature	13.4°C (56.1°F)
August average temperature	12.3°C (54.2°F)
Maximum 7-day average temperature	14.6°C (58.3°F)
Maximum 7-day maximum temperature	16.4°C (61.4°F)
# of days/year temperature exceeds 13°C (55°F)	43
# of days/year temperature exceeds 15°C (59°F)	18

## **Climate Change Vulnerability**

We can use our current knowledge of the relationship between air and water temperature to develop stream-specific predictions for future water temperature. "Sensitivity" is a term used to describe how much a stream's water temperature will change with a 1°C (1.8°F) change in air temperature. A stream with a higher sensitivity (>0.75) will increase faster as air temperatures increase in the years ahead. And we can use a salmon-relevant threshold value of 13°C (55°F) for average July temperature to describe a stream as "cold" or "warm" to create a framework for assessing climate change vulnerability:



Average July Temperature



Moose Creek falls in the "warm, low sensitivity" category, which indicates that stream temperatures will likely increase only moderately in the decades ahead, but will continue to exceed 13°C (55°F) resulting in more thermal stress for juvenile salmon.

This baseline data set and our understanding of stream-specific sensitivity can guide future monitoring efforts to track climate change impacts and can help fisheries and land managers prioritize streams for research and protection efforts to ensure Cook Inlet wild salmon endure as thermal change continues.