



Salmon Stream Temperature Fact Sheet

Why temperature?

Water temperature affects all phases of the salmon lifecycle, including :

- * *timing of migration*
- * *survivorship of eggs*
- * *respiration*
- * *metabolism*
- * *availability of O₂*

Warm water temperature induces stress in salmon and makes them more vulnerable to pollution, predation and disease.

For more details about our methods or data, please contact:

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Little Willow Creek

Cook Inletkeeper coordinates a Stream Temperature Monitoring Network across key salmon-bearing systems of the Cook Inlet basin. Our goal is to describe water temperature profiles and identify watershed characteristics that make specific streams more sensitive to climate change impacts. This fact sheet provides a summary of data collected on Little Willow Creek through this collaborative effort.



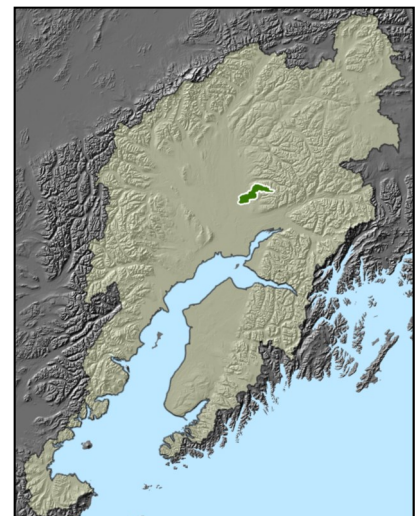
Water temperature monitoring site is located downstream of the Parks Highway.

Latitude (N) 61.81000; Longitude (W) -150.09900

Watershed facts

The Little Willow Creek watershed (highlighted in green on map) is located in the Mat-Su basin. Little Willow Creek flows out of the Talkeetna Mountains and is a tributary to the Susitna River.

Watershed size	99,135 acres
Maximum elevation	5,938 feet
Mean elevation	1,766 feet
Percent wetlands	11.7 %
Connected lakes	No



Adult salmon returning to freshwater streams to spawn are stressed by temperatures above 15°C (59°F), while juvenile salmon are affected by temperatures above 13°C (55°F).



In 2013, we completed a synthesis report of the stream temperature data collected from 2008-2012 to establish current water temperature conditions in 48 salmon streams and stream-specific sensitivity to climate change impacts. You can read the full report at: <http://inletkeeper.org/resources/contents/stream-temperature-synthesis-report>

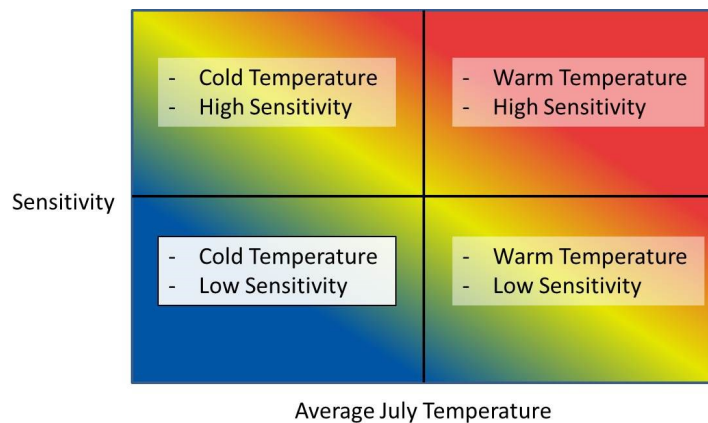
Little Willow Creek Temperature

Summary of Little Willow Creek water temperature data from 2008-2012:

Maximum temperature recorded	19.5°C (67.1°F)
June average temperature	9.7°C (49.4°F)
July average temperature	12.1°C (53.7°F)
August average temperature	10.9°C (51.6°F)
Maximum 7-day average temperature	13.6°C (56.4°F)
Maximum 7-day maximum temperature	15.4°C (59.6°F)
# of days/year temperature exceeds 13°C (55°F)	27
# of days/year temperature exceeds 15°C (59°F)	8

Climate Change Vulnerability

We can use our current knowledge of the relationship between air and water temperature to develop stream-specific predictions for future water temperature. “Sensitivity” is a term used to describe how much a stream’s water temperature will change with a 1°C (1.8°F) change in air temperature. A stream with a higher sensitivity (>0.75) will increase faster as air temperatures increase in the years ahead. And we can use a salmon-relevant threshold value of 13°C (55°F) for average July temperature to describe a stream as “cold” or “warm” to create a framework for assessing climate change vulnerability:



Little Willow Creek falls in the “cold, low sensitivity” category, which indicates that stream temperatures will likely remain favorable for salmon and this system can serve as important cold water habitat in the decades ahead.

This baseline data set and our understanding of stream-specific sensitivity can guide future monitoring efforts to track climate change impacts and can help fisheries and land managers prioritize streams for research and protection efforts to ensure Cook Inlet wild salmon endure as thermal change continues.